Walton-Verona Independent School District

Financial Statements
With Supplementary Information
Year Ended June 30, 2021
With Independent Auditors' Report

June 30, 2021

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of the Board of Education Walton-Verona Independent School District Walton, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Walton Verona Independent School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Walton-Verona Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements* prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Walton-Verona Independent School District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Independent Auditors' Report (Continued)

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 19 to the financial statements, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, effective as of July 1, 2020. The implementation of this accounting standard resulted in a restatement of prior year net position. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the information on pages 3-7, 49-52, and 57-66 as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Walton-Verona Independent School District's basic financial statements. The information on pages 47-48, 53-56, and 67-68 as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The information on pages 47-48, 53-56, and 67-68 as listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information on pages 47-48, 53-56, and 67-68 as listed in the table of contents is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 10, 2021 on our consideration of the Walton Verona Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Walton-Verona Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Walton Verona Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance

Crestview Hills, Kentucky November 10, 2021

Burner, Dunig & Co., Std.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Continued)

As management of the Walton-Verona Independent School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statement this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The beginning cash balance for the District was \$5,543,607.
- The General Fund had \$18,950,976 in revenue, excluding proceeds for capital leases and interfund transfers, which primarily consisted of the state program (SEEK), property, local occupational license taxes, utilities and motor vehicle taxes. Excluding interfund transfers, there were \$17,588,145 in General Fund expenditures.

CURRENT ISSUES

Walton – Verona Independent Schools continue to perform as one of the top districts in the state. Our primary objectives are to continue to develop students who grow and achieve academically, are college and/or career ready when they graduate, are involved in their community, and provide the best return possible on the community's investment in education.

As our community continues to grow, so does our student enrollment. Our total district enrollment was 1,000 students during the 1999-2000 school year, and by the end of 2019-2020, it had grown to 1,816 students (K-12) – an increase of 81.6% in our student population over a twenty-one-year period and an average growth rate of 3.89% per year. Our facilities have continually been upgraded and expanded during this period of sustained growth, but creating classroom space remains a challenge. As the development of new housing within our district boundaries continues, our goal is to match this growth with the addition of adequate and efficient instructional spaces.

Insufficient funding from the state continues to be a source of significant concern for all school districts, including our own. For over a decade, state funding has not kept up with the increases in operating expenses associated with numerous unfunded state mandates. This includes the rate of inflation, increased salaries, increasing retirement contributions, and reductions to or the elimination of areas of state support such as professional development for teachers, instructional resources for students, and funding for preschool and all-day kindergarten.

The continual erosion of state funding makes it increasingly difficult to maintain the high standard of education and programming our students deserve without increasing taxes locally. This is a direct result of legislators not making the necessary changes needed at the state level, knowing that districts will have no other choice than to make up for their shortcomings by raising local property tax rates. In this climate of shrinking state support, the Walton - Verona Independent School District will maintain fiscally responsible policies to continue providing quality academic, extra-curricular, and community service programs to all of its students.

Additionally, the COVID-19 pandemic has put a strain on students as well as staff. While the reduction in classroom time resulting from the pandemic has certainly impacted learning, we continually strive to give our students the best education possible. Measures to counteract learning loss have been put in place and, for the time being, are being funded with an influx of federal funds. When these federal funds are no longer available these measures will be evaluated for continuation with local funds if they continue to be needed.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Continued)

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) district-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

District-wide financial statements. The district-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The district-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The district-wide financial statements can be found on pages 8 and 9 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The only proprietary funds are our vending and food service operations. All other activities of the district are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 10 through 16 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 46 of this report.

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$13,622,098 as of June 30, 2021.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Continued)

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Net Position for the periods ending June 30, 2021 and 2020

The following table presents a summary of net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

	2021	2020
Current assets Noncurrent assets	\$ 7,957,800 39,400,969	\$ 6,347,854 40,261,900
Total assets	47,358,769	46,609,754
Total deferred outflows	3,497,849	2,617,707
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	1,913,879 33,166,980	2,235,848 33,307,008
Total liabilities	35,080,859	35,542,856
Total deferred inflows	2,153,661	1,903,182
Net position Investment in capital (net of debt) Restricted Unassigned	17,128,355 (6,611,307) 3,105,050	16,831,201 (7,726,771) 2,676,993
Total net position	\$ 13,622,098	\$ 11,781,423

Comments on Budget Comparisons

- The District's total General Fund revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, net of interfund transfers and capital lease proceeds, were \$18,950,976.
- General Fund budget compared to actual revenue varied slightly from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being \$6,751,462 more than budget or approximately 55.3%. This is a result of the District recording "on behalf" payments made by the State.
- The total cost of General Fund programs and services was \$17,588,145, net of interfund transfers.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Continued)

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Comments on Budget Comparisons (Continued)

• General Fund actual expenditures exceeded budget expenditures by \$2,638,631 in instruction. This is a result of the District recording "on behalf" payments made by the State.

The following table presents a summary of revenues and expenses for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020.

	2021	2020
Revenues		
Program revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 212,261	\$ 520,039
Operating grants and contributions	3,206,398	1,629,323
Total program revenues	3,418,659	2,149,362
General revenues		
Taxes	9,049,696	8,237,887
Federal and state sources	4,987,387	6,049,662
Earnings on investments	19,573	92,403
Miscellaneous	1,610,600	4,593,117
Total general revenues	15,667,256	18,973,069
Total revenues	19,085,915	21,122,431
Expenses		
Instructional	8,021,178	6,580,471
Student support services	715,490	809,773
Instructional support	995,489	1,049,857
District administration	939,797	996,033
School administration	1,053,641	1,093,841
Business support	402,864	380,226
Plant operations	2,853,380	2,589,227
Student transportation	1,041,083	1,096,642
Other	118,640	4,150,981
Debt service	652,883	677,242
Food service	688,022	867,906
Total expenses	17,482,467	20,292,199
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$ 1,603,448	\$ 830,232

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Year Ended June 30, 2021 (Continued)

DISTRICT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

General Fund Revenue

The majority of General Fund revenue was derived from local property taxes (41.8%) with state funding, in total, making up 55.1% of total revenue.

BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

In Kentucky the public school fiscal year is July 1-June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal, operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the District's overall budget. By law the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a budget with \$662,842 in contingency (3.8%). The beginning cash balance for the fiscal year is \$5,543,607.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Questions regarding this report should be directed to Dr. Matt Baker, Superintendent or to Mr. Kevin Ryan, Director of Finance at (859) 485-4181 or by mail at 16 School Road, Walton, Kentucky 41094.

Statement of Net Position – District Wide As of June 30, 2021

	Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities		Total
Assets			
Current:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,432,725	\$ 215,558	\$ 6,648,283
Accounts receivable	1,287,963	8,000	1,295,963
Inventories for consumption		13,554	13,554
Total current	7,720,688	237,112	7,957,800
Noncurrent:			
Land	1,075,533	-	1,075,533
Construction in progress	25,579	-	25,579
Land improvements	1,546,486	-	1,546,486
General equipment	606,703	293,880	900,583
Buildings and improvements	51,072,362	146,981	51,219,343
Furniture and equipment	2,672,317	-	2,672,317
Less: accumulated depreciation	(17,650,254)	(388,618)	(18,038,872)
Total noncurrent	39,348,726	52,243	39,400,969
Total assets	47,069,414	289,355	47,358,769
Deferred outflows	3,390,583	107,266	3,497,849
Liabilities and Net Position Liabilities Current:			
Accrued interest	155,979	-	155,979
Current portion of bonds payable	1,450,000	-	1,450,000
Current portion of capital leases	123,217	-	123,217
Current portion of accrued sick leave	17,139	-	17,139
Assessed KISBIT liability	-	-	-
Accrued payroll and related expenses	6,024	-	6,024
Accounts payable Unearned revenues	157,736 	3,784	161,520
Total current	1,910,095	3,784	1,913,879
Noncurrent:			
Accrued sick leave	154,250	-	154,250
Capital leases	730,608	-	730,608
MIF net OPEB liability	5,356,936	178,765	5,535,701
CERS net pension liability	6,388,240	213,181	6,601,421
Bond obligations	20,145,000		20,145,000
Total noncurrent	32,775,034	391,946	33,166,980
Total liabilities	34,685,129	395,730	35,080,859
Deferred inflows	2,084,113	69,548	2,153,661
Net Position			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	17,076,112	52,243	17,128,355
Restricted	(6,490,407)	(120,900)	(6,611,307)
Unrestricted	3,105,050		3,105,050
Total net position	\$ 13,690,755	\$ (68,657)	\$ 13,622,098

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Statement of Activities – District Wide Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net (Expense) Revenue and **Program Revenues Changes in Net Position** Charges Operating Capital Functions/Programs for Grants and Grants and Governmental Business-Type Activities Expenses Services Contributions Contributions Activities Total **Governmental Activities** Instruction \$ 8,021,178 185,033 \$ 2,261,565 \$ \$ (5,574,580) \$ (5,574,580)Student support services 715.490 43.095 (672, 395)(672, 395)995,489 Instruction staff support services (995,489)(995,489)District administration 939,797 (939,797)(939,797)School administration 1,053,641 (1,053,641)(1,053,641)**Business** 402.864 (402,864)(402,864)Plant operation and maintenance 2,853,380 77,691 (2,775,689)(2,775,689)Student transportation 1,041,083 30,486 (1,010,597)(1,010,597)Facilities acquisition and construction 1,050 1,061 (11)(11)Community service activities 117,579 115,121 (2,458)(2,458)Interest on long-term debt 652,883 (652,883)(652,883)16,794,445 Total governmental activities 186,083 2,527,958 (14,080,404)(14,080,404)**Business-type Activities** Food service 688,022 26,178 678,440 16,596 16,596 688,022 26,178 678,440 16,596 16,596 Total business-type activities Total school district \$ 17,482,467 212,261 \$ 3,206,398 (14,080,404)16,596 (14,063,808)General Revenues Taxes 9.049.696 9,049,696 Investment earnings 18,950 623 19,573 Federal and state sources 4,987,387 4,987,387 Miscellaneous 1,610,600 1,610,600 Total general and special revenues 15,666,633 623 15,667,256 Change in net position 1,586,229 17,219 1,603,448 Net position - beginning 11,867,299 (85,876)11,781,423 Net position adjustment (Note 19) 249,697 249,697 Net position - ending \$ 13,703,225 (68,657)\$ 13,634,568

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Construction Fund	Debt Service Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets						
Current: Cash (overdraft) and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 6,694,979 214,961	\$ (1,072,132) 1,073,002	\$ 399,188	\$ - -	\$ 410,690 	\$ 6,432,725 1,287,963
Total current	\$ 6,909,940	\$ 870	\$ 399,188	\$ -	\$ 410,690	\$ 7,720,688
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities Current:						
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and related expenses	\$ 135,804 6,024	\$ 870 -	\$ 21,062 -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ 157,736 6,024
Total current	141,828	870	21,062	-		163,760
Total liabilities	141,828	870	21,062		<u> </u>	163,760
Fund Balances Restricted:						-
Capital projects	94,409	-	378,126	-	96,749	569,284
Sick Leave	85,694	-	-	-	-	85,694
Other	-	-	-	-	313,941	313,941
Assigned	3,155,591	-	-	-	-	3,155,591
Unassigned	3,432,418	· <u>-</u>			·	3,432,418
Total fund balances	6,768,112		378,126		410,690	7,556,928
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 6,909,940	\$ 870	\$ 399,188	\$ -	\$ 410,690	\$ 7,720,688

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2021

Total fund balance per fund financial statements		\$ 7,556,928
Capital assets are used in governmental activities are not financials resources		
and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds		
Construction in progress	25,579	
Cost of capital assets	56,973,401	
Accumulated depreciation	(17,650,254)	
		39,348,726
Deferred outflows		
Bond refinancing	176,211	
Related to MIF	1,445,216	
MIF contributions made after the measurement date	335,748	
Related to CERS	871,169	
CERS contributions made after the measurement date	562,239	
		3,390,583
Deferred inflows related to CERS		
Related to CERS	(138,067)	
Related to OPEB	(1,946,046)	
		(2,084,113)
Long-term liabilities (including bonds payable) are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds		, ,
Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Bonds payable	(21,595,000)	
Capital lease obligation	(853,825)	
Accrued interest on bonds	(155,979)	
Net OPEB liability	(5,356,936)	
Net pension liability	(6,388,240)	
Accrued sick leave	(171,389)	
		(34,521,369)
Net position for governmental activities		\$ 13,690,755

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Construction Fund	Debt Service Fund	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 7,918,369	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,131,327	\$ 9,049,696
Earnings on investments	18,950	· -	-	· -	Ψ 1,101,027	18,950
State sources	10,441,361	1,045,431	_	250,009	967,392	12,704,193
Federal sources	3,221	1,482,527	_	,	-	1,485,748
Other revenues	569,075				394,450	963,525
Total revenues	18,950,976	2,527,958		250,009	2,493,169	24,222,112
Expenditures						
Instructional	10,763,623	2,235,897	-	-	330,206	13,329,726
Student support services	598,974	43,095	-	-	-	642,069
Staff support services	995,489	-	-	-	-	995,489
District administration	935,802	-	-	-	-	935,802
School administration	1,034,115	-	-	-	-	1,034,115
Business support services	402,864	-	-	-	-	402,864
Plant operation and maintenance	1,706,808	77,691	-	-	-	1,784,499
Student transportation	1,003,383	30,486	-	-	-	1,033,869
Community service operations	2,458	115,121	-	-	-	117,579
Facility acquisition and construction	-	-	310,250	-	-	310,250
Debt service:						
Principal	123,217	-	-	1,375,000	-	1,498,217
Interest	21,412	-	-	638,735		660,147
Other					12,470	12,470
Total expenditures	17,588,145	2,502,290	310,250	2,013,735	342,676	22,757,096
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	1,362,831	25,668	(310,250)	(1,763,726)	2,150,493	1,465,016
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Proceeds from bond sale and capital leases	290,908	-	-	985,000	-	1,275,908
Refinanced bonds	-	-	-	(970,000)	-	(970,000)
Bond issue cost	-	-	-	(15,000)	-	(15,000)
Operating transfers in	59,400	33,732	415,483	1,763,726	-	2,272,341
Operating transfers out	(177,805)	(59,400)	-		(2,035,136)	(2,272,341)
Total other financing sources (uses)	172,503	(25,668)	415,483	1,763,726	(2,035,136)	290,908
Net change in fund balances	1,535,334	-	105,233	-	115,357	1,755,924
Fund balance, July 1, 2020	5,232,778	-	272,893	-	45,636	5,551,307
Net position adjustment (Note 19)					249,697	249,697
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 6,768,112	\$ -	\$ 378,126	\$ -	\$ 410,690	\$ 7,556,928

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Change in net position of governmental activities

	55,924
Commonstal funds report agriculture as expanditures because they use	
Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental fund and	72,941)
thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position however, issuing debt increase long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position	
Bond principal paid 1,37	75,000
Proceeds from bond issue (98	35,000)
Bond refunding 97	70,000
Capital lease principal paid 12	23,217
Proceeds from capital leases (29	90,908)
Amortization of bond refinancing (3	34,224)
·	77,954
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	04,428
Deferred inflows related to pensions	52,499
·	92,948)
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are	
recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred. (1,10	09,242)

\$ 1,573,759

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds As of June 30, 2021

	Food Service	Total
Assets		
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 215,558	\$ 215,558
Accounts Receivable	8,000	8,000
Inventories for consumption	13,554	13,554
Total current	237,112	237,112
Noncurrent		
General equipment	293,880	293,880
Buildings and improvements	146,981	146,981
Less: accumulated depreciation	(388,618)	(388,618)
Total noncurrent	52,243	52,243
Total assets	289,355	289,355
Deferred outflows	107,266	107,266
Liabilities and Net Position		
Liabilities		
Current		
Accounts payable	3,784	3,784
Total current	3,784	3,784
Noncurrent		
MIF net OPEB liability	178,765	178,765
CERS net pension liability	213,181	213,181
Total noncurrent	391,946	391,946
Total liabilities	395,730	395,730
Deferred inflows	69,548	69,548
Net Position		
Invested in assets, net of debt	52,243	52,243
Restricted	(120,900)	(120,900)
Total net position	\$ (68,657)	\$ (68,657)

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Food	
	Service	Total
Operating revenues		
Lunchroom sales	\$ 24,224	\$ 24,224
Other operating revenues	1,954	1,954
Total operating revenues	26,178	26,178
Operating expenses		
Salaries and benefits	538,172	538,172
Contract services	17,180	17,180
Materials and supplies	126,936	126,936
Depreciation	5,634	5,634
Other operating expenses	100	100
Total operating expenses	688,022	688,022
Operating loss	(661,844)	(661,844)
Nonoperating revenues		
Federal grants	575,506	575,506
State grants	68,850	68,850
Donated commodities and other donations	34,084	34,084
Interest income	623	623
Total nonoperating revenues	679,063	679,063
Change in net position	17,219	17,219
Total net position, July 1, 2020	(85,876)	(85,876)
Total net position, June 30, 2021	\$ (68,657)	\$ (68,657)

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

Cash received from other activities 1,954 1 Cash payments to employees for services (511,153) (511 Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services (136,412) (136 Cash payments for other operating activities (100) Net cash used in operating activities (621,487) (621 Cash flows from capital financing activities Purchase of capital assets (17,644) (17 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities (17,644) (17 Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Non-operating revenues received 678,440 678	
Cash received from other activities 1,954 1 Cash payments to employees for services (511,153) (511 Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services (136,412) (136 Cash payments for other operating activities (100) Net cash used in operating activities (621,487) (621 Cash flows from capital financing activities Purchase of capital assets (17,644) (17 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities (17,644) (17 Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Non-operating revenues received 678,440 678	
Cash payments to employees for services (511,153) (511 Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services (136,412) (136 Cash payments for other operating activities (100) Net cash used in operating activities (621,487) (621 Cash flows from capital financing activities Purchase of capital assets (17,644) (17 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities (17,644) (17 Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Non-operating revenues received 678,440 678	1,224
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services (136,412) (136 Cash payments for other operating activities (100) Net cash used in operating activities (621,487) (621 Cash flows from capital financing activities Purchase of capital assets (17,644) (17 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities (17,644) (17 Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Non-operating revenues received 678,440 678	,954
Cash payments for other operating activities (100) Net cash used in operating activities (621,487) (621) Cash flows from capital financing activities Purchase of capital assets (17,644) (17) Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities (17,644) (17) Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Non-operating revenues received 678,440 678	,153)
Net cash used in operating activities (621,487) (621 Cash flows from capital financing activities Purchase of capital assets (17,644) (17 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities (17,644) (17 Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Non-operating revenues received 678,440 678	3,412)
Cash flows from capital financing activities Purchase of capital assets (17,644) (17 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities (17,644) (17 Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Non-operating revenues received 678,440 678	(100)
Purchase of capital assets (17,644) (17 Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities (17,644) (17 Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Non-operating revenues received 678,440 678	,487)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities (17,644) (17 Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Non-operating revenues received 678,440 678	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Non-operating revenues received 678,440 678	7,644 <u>)</u>
Non-operating revenues received 678,440 678	7,644)
	. 440
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities 678,440 678	3,440
	3,440
Cash flows from investing activities	
Interest on investments 623	623
Net cash provided by investing activities623	623
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 39,932 39	9,932
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning 175,626 175	5,626
Cash and cash equivalents - ending \$ 215,558 \$ 215	5,558
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash	
used in operating activities	
Operating loss \$ (661,844) \$ (661	,844)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to	
net cash used in operating activities Depreciation 5,634 5	5,634
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
	,984)
	0,030
	3,151
·	,822
	3,784
	3,000)
Decrease in inventories 11,920 11	,920
Net cash used in operating activities \$ (621,487) \$ (621	,487)
Schedule of non-cash transactions:	
	1,084
On-behalf payments <u>\$ 60,405</u> <u>\$ 60</u>),405

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Walton-Verona Independent Board of Education (Board), a five member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Walton-Verona Independent School District (District). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Board. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>Walton-Verona Independent School District Finance Corporation</u> - The Board authorized the establishment of the Walton-Verona Independent School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS 58.180) as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board Members of the Walton-Verona Independent of Education also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

Basis of Presentation

District-Wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The district-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the district-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The district-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in total net position. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

The District has the following funds:

I. Governmental Fund Types

- (A) The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund and any unrestricted fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.
- (B) The Special Revenue Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally funded grant programs are identified in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards included in this report on page 67. This is a major fund of the District.
- (C) The Activity Funds account for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

- I. Governmental Fund Types (cont'd)
 - (D) Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).
 - 1. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.
 - 2. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky Fund (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.
 - The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction. This is a major fund of the District. The District is committed to construction contracts in the amount of \$378,126 for ongoing projects.

II. Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and, for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law. This is a major fund of the District.

III. <u>Proprietary Fund</u> (Enterprise Fund)

The School Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). The Food Service fund is a major fund of the District.

IV. <u>Fiduciary Fund Type</u> (Agency and Trust Funds)

The District applies all Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements to proprietary funds as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Accounting

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The GASB is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local government through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. District-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before they can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

Taxes

Property Tax Revenues – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgetary Process

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than GAAP of the United States of America. The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

Supplies and materials are charged to expenditures when purchased, except for inventories in the Proprietary Fund, which are capitalized at the lower of cost or market.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the district-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the district-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars, with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property, for which there is no threshold. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

	Governmental Activities
<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25 - 50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10 - 12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Other	10 years

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the District's experience of making termination payments. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the district-wide financial statements.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, the noncurrent portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance Reserves

Beginning with fiscal year 2012 the District implemented GASB Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on the District's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

Nonspendable fund balance - amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact;

<u>Restricted fund balance</u> – amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

<u>Committed fund balance</u> – amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District takes the action to remove or change the constraint.

<u>Assigned fund balance</u> – amounts the District intends to use for specific purpose (such as encumbrances); intent can be expressed by the District or by an official or body to which the District delegates the authority.

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u> – amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the General fund.

It is the Board's practice to liquidate funds when conditions have been met releasing these funds from legal, contractual, Board or managerial obligations, using restricted funds first, followed by committed funds, assigned funds, then unassigned funds.

Encumbrances are not liabilities and are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. Encumbrances remaining open at the end of the fiscal year are automatically re-budgeted in the following fiscal year. Encumbrances are considered a managerial assignment of fund balance in the governmental funds balance sheet.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and as non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the District's OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

NOTE 2 ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the general purpose financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, exceed federally insured limits. The amounts exceeding the federally insured limits are covered by a collateral agreement and the collateral is held by the pledging banks' trust departments in the District's name. The District has not experienced any losses in such accounts and the District believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Governmental Activities	June 30, 2020	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2021
Land	\$ 1,075,533	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,075,533
Construction in progress	8,450,657	313,768	8,738,846	25,579
Land improvements	1,073,448	473,038	-	1,546,486
Buildings and improvements	42,811,133	8,261,229	-	51,072,362
Technology equipment	89,263	174,609	-	263,872
Vehicles	2,295,450	112,995	-	2,408,445
General equipment	592,963	13,740		606,703
Totals at historical cost	56,388,447	9,349,379	8,738,846	56,998,980
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	611,037	59,384	-	670,421
Buildings and improvements	13,601,768	1,227,614	-	14,829,382
Technology equipment	86,405	34,922	-	121,327
Vehicles	1,592,276	120,144	-	1,712,420
General equipment	275,294	41,410	-	316,704
Total accumulated depreciation	16,166,780	1,483,474		17,650,254
0				
Governmental activities				
capital assets - net	\$ 40,221,667	\$ 7,865,905	\$ 8,738,846	\$ 39,348,726
Business - Type Activities				
General equipment	\$ 276,236	\$ 17,644	\$ -	\$ 293,880
Buildings and improvements	φ 276,236 146,981	Φ 17,044	Φ -	φ 293,880 146,981
-	140,901			140,901
Totals at historical cost	423,217	17,644	-	440,861
Less: accumulated depreciation				
General equipment	257,133	2,860	-	259,993
Buildings and improvements	125,851	2,774	-	128,625
Total accumulated depreciation	382,984	5,634		388,618
·	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Business - type activities				
capital assets - net	\$ 40,233	\$ 12,010	\$ -	\$ 52,243

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense by function for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

Governmental			Business-Typ		
•	407.440		•		
\$	197,442		\$	-	
	73,421			-	
	3,995			-	
	19,526			-	
	1,068,881			-	
	-			5,634	
	120,209			-	
\$	1,483,474		\$	5,634	
	\$	\$ 197,442 73,421 3,995 19,526 1,068,881 - 120,209	\$ 197,442 73,421 3,995 19,526 1,068,881 - 120,209	\$ 197,442 \$ 73,421 3,995 19,526 1,068,881 - 120,209	

NOTE 5 COMMITMENTS UNDER CAPITAL LEASES

The District is the lessee of equipment under capital leases expiring between 2021 and 2030. The assets and liabilities under capital leases are recorded at the lower of the present value of the minimum lease payments or the fair value of the asset. The assets are depreciated over the lower of their related lease terms or their estimated productive lives. Depreciation of assets under capital leases is included in depreciation expense.

Future minimum lease payments under capital leases as of June 30, 2021, for each of the next five years and in the aggregate are as follows:

Year Ending <u>June 30,</u>	Capital Lease Payable		
2021-2022 2022-2023 2023-2024 2023-2024 2024-2025 Thereafter	\$	154,944 152,479 147,634 147,509 94,576 232,556	
Total minimum payments		929,698	
Less amount representing interest		75,873	
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$	853,825	

NOTE 6 ACCUMULATED UNPAID SICK LEAVE BENEFITS

Upon providing proof of qualification as an annuitant from the Kentucky Teacher's Retirement System, certified and classified employees will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. At June 30, 2021 this amount totaled approximately \$171,389 for those employees with twenty-seven or more years of experience.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 7 LEASE OBLIGATIONS AND BONDED DEBT

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as lease obligations represents the District's future obligations to make lease payments relating to the bonds issued.

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, and interest rates are summarized below:

Issue Date	 Proceeds	Rates
October 2010	\$ 800,000	1.500% - 3.100%
March 2012	985,000	1.500% - 2.350%
April 2014	2,485,000	1.100% - 3.500%
March 2015	7,635,000	2.000% - 2.500%
April 2016	1,435,000	1.000% - 2.300%
April 2016	3,495,000	0.900% - 3.125%
June 2018	4,430,000	1.000% - 3.000%
March 2019	2,995,000	1.950% - 3.500%
November 2019	1,485,000	1.550% - 2.100%
June 2020	380,000	1.375%
January 2021	985,000	0.400% - 1.000%

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make lease payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Walton-Verona Independent School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities.

The District entered into "participation agreements" with the School Facility Construction Commission (Commission). The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. Note 16 sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal has been recorded in the financial statements.

All issues may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2021 for debt service (principal and interest) are reported in Note 16.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 8 CONTINGENCIES

Grant Fund Approval

The District receives funding from federal, state, and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue the programs.

NOTE 9 INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated, which includes workers' compensation insurance.

NOTE 10 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for errors and omissions, and general liability coverage, the District participates in the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Liability Insurance Fund. These public entity risk pools operate as common risk management and insurance programs for all school districts and other tax supported educational agencies of Kentucky who are members of the Kentucky School Boards Association. The District pays an annual premium to each fund for coverage. The Liability Insurance fund pays insurance premiums of the participating members established by the insurance carrier. The Trust can terminate coverage if it is unable to obtain acceptable excess general liability coverage and for any reason by giving ninety (90) days' notice. In the event the Trust terminated coverage, any amount remaining in the Fund (after payment of operational and administrative costs and claims for which coverage was provided) would be returned to the member on a pro rata basis.

The District is self-insured for unemployment insurance benefits. The District reimburses the state for any claims paid. The District purchases workers' compensation insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 11 DEFICIT OPERATING/FUND BALANCES

The District's food service fund currently has a negative fund balance. The following funds have operations that resulted in a current year deficit of revenues over expenditures, resulting in a corresponding reduction of fund balance:

Walton-Verona Middle School \$ 16,274

NOTE 12 COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the District at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 13 CONTINGENT LIABILITY

The District is a participant in the Kentucky School Board Insurance Trust in which the District purchases general liability and workers' compensation insurance. As of June 30, 2021, the District has paid its portion of the deficit in the trust. No contingent liability needs to be recorded in the District Wide Financial Statements.

NOTE 14 TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year.

From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	 Amount		
General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Matching	\$ 33,732		
General Fund	Construction Fund	Construction	144,073		
Special Revenue Fund	General Fund	Indirect Costs	59,400		
Building Fund	Construction Fund	Construction	271,410		
Capital Outlay Fund	Debt Service Fund	Debt Service	160,627		
Building Fund	Debt Service Fund	Debt Service	1,603,099		

NOTE 15 ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2021 total payments of \$4,913,932 were made for life insurance, health insurance, TRS matching and administrative fees by the Commonwealth of Kentucky on behalf of the District. These payments were recognized as on-behalf payments and recorded in the appropriate revenue and expense accounts on the statement of activities.

General Fund	\$ 4,603,518
Debt Service	250,009
Food Service	60,405
Total On-Behalf	\$ 4,913,932

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 16 SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

2010R, 2012R, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2016-Ref, 2018, 2019, 2019-Ref, 2020 and 2021-Ref Series

Fiscal Year	Walton - Verona School District				KY School Facilities Construction Commission								
		Principal		Interest	Total		Principal	ı	nterest		Total	Re	Total quirements
2021-2022 2022-2023 2023-2024 2024-2025 2025-2026 2026-2027 2027-2028 2028-2029 2029-2030 2030-2031 2031-2032 2032-2033 2033-2034 2034-2035 2035-2036 2036-2037	\$	1,248,235 1,273,898 1,304,914 1,326,387 1,232,568 1,259,937 1,185,224 1,212,958 1,243,121 1,205,654 1,104,350 1,147,232 1,185,010 979,347 1,017,493 666,630	\$	538,475 510,351 484,085 455,510 427,583 396,282 373,212 341,768 308,559 275,535 240,218 204,113 166,135 126,641 93,570 59,097	\$ 1,786,710 1,784,249 1,788,999 1,781,897 1,660,151 1,656,219 1,558,436 1,554,726 1,551,680 1,481,189 1,344,568 1,351,345 1,351,145 1,105,988 1,111,063 725,727	\$	201,765 206,102 210,086 198,613 202,432 185,063 114,776 117,042 116,879 109,346 65,650 67,768 69,990 55,653 57,507 33,370	\$	48,141 43,714 39,633 35,310 31,034 26,685 23,427 21,005 18,493 15,599 11,421 9,196 6,885 5,030 3,110	\$	249,906 249,816 249,719 233,923 233,466 211,748 138,203 138,047 135,372 125,339 79,189 79,189 79,186 62,538 62,537 36,480	\$	2,036,616 2,034,065 2,038,718 2,015,820 1,893,617 1,867,967 1,696,639 1,692,773 1,687,052 1,606,528 1,423,757 1,430,534 1,430,331 1,168,526 1,173,600 762,207
2037-2038 2038-2039		695,405 243,158		34,602 8,816	730,007 251,974		34,595 16,842		1,890 613		36,485 17,455		766,492 269,429
	\$	19,531,521	\$	5,044,552	\$ 24,576,073	\$	2,063,479	\$	355,119	\$	2,418,598	\$	26,994,671

There was a bond refinanced in the current year. Total payments to close the existing bond were \$970,000 for the refinanced total bond of \$985,000.

A summary of the changes in the principal of the outstanding bond obligations, capital leases, and sick leave for the District during the year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance sovernmental Activities						Ju	Balance June 30, 2021		
Bond Obligations	\$ 2	22,955,000	\$	985,000	\$	2,345,000	\$	21,595,000		
Capital Leases	\$	686,134	\$	290,908	\$	123,217	\$	853,825		
Sick Leave	\$	175,913	\$	49,531	\$	54,055	\$	171,389		

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 17 RETIREMENT PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree.

General information about the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous

Plan description

Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained from http://kyret.ky.gov/.

Benefits provided

CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date	Before September 1, 2008
	Unreduced retirement	27 years service or 65 years old
	Reduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 55 years old
		At least 25 years service and any age
Tier 2	Participation date	September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old
	Reduced retirement	At least 10 years service and 60 years old
Tier 3	Participation date	After December 31, 2013
	Unreduced retirement	At least 5 years service and 65 years old
		Or age 57+ and sum of service years plus age equal 87
	Reduced retirement	Not available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. One month's service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's spouse will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 75% of the decedent's monthly average rate of pay. If the surviving spouse remarries, the monthly rate will be recalculated to 25% of the decedent's monthly average. Any dependent child will receive 50% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 75% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 17 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Required contributions by the employee are based on the following tier:

	Required contribution
Tier 1	5%
Tier 2	5% + 1% for insurance
Tier 3	5% + 1% for insurance

The contribution requirement for CERS for the year ended June 30, 2021, was \$706,903, which consisted of \$581,002 from the District and \$125,901 from the employees. Total contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were \$680,188 and \$569,722, respectively. The contributions have been contributed in full for fiscal years 2021, 2020 and 2019.

General information about the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky

Plan description

Teaching certified employees of the District and other employees whose positions require at least a college degree are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes. TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://trs.ky.gov/administration/financial-reports-information/.

Benefits provided

For employees who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, employees become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, employees must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Employees that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university employees with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New employees (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service less than ten years. New employees after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for employees hired on or after that date.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 17 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Benefits provided (Continued)

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. TRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing employees and \$5,000 for retired or disabled employees.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions

Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes. Non-university employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System. University employees are required to contribute 10.400% of their salaries. KRS 161.580 allows each university to reduce the contribution of its employees by 2.215%; therefore, university employees contribute 8.185% of their salary to TRS. The contribution requirement for TRS for the year ended June 30, 2021, was \$1,343,754, which consisted of \$273,426 from the District and \$1,070,328 from the employees. Total contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were \$1,343,440 and \$1,264,841, respectively. The contributions have been contributed in full for fiscal years 2021, 2020 and 2019.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions at the rate of 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description

In addition to the pension benefits described above, KRS 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible employees and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to employees under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired employees and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 17 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Funding policy

In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, 6.59% of the gross annual payroll of employees before July 1, 2008 is contributed. 3.75% is paid by member contributions, 0.16% if credited to the Commonwealth, and 3.00% is contributed by the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability	\$ 6,601,421
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net pension liability associated with the District	36,383,433
hability associated with the bisthet	\$ 42,984,854

The net pension liability for each plan was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability for CERS was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.086089% percent.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 17 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$687,391 related to CERS. The District also recognized a reduction of expense of \$6,670,563 and a reduction of revenue of \$6,670,563 for TRS support provided by the Commonwealth due to a change in assumptions. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred atflows of esources	In	eferred flows of sources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	164,619	\$	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		286,149		120,957
Changes of assumptions		257,774		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		191,698		21,717
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		581,002		
Total	\$	1,481,242	\$	142,674

\$581,002 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:					
	2022	\$	336,397		
	2023		262,362		
	2024		92,461		
	2025		66,346		

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 17 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	CERS	TRS
Inflation	2.30%	3.00%
Projected salary increases	3.30%	3.5-7.3%
Investment rate of return, net of		
investment expense and inflation	6.25%	7.50%

For CERS, mortality rates used for active members was RP-2000 Combined Mortality table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted.

For TRS, Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale BB to 2025 set forward two years for males and one year for females. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2015 adopted by the Board on November 19, 2016.

For CERS, the long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2008 through 2013, is outlined in a report dated April 30, 2014. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 17 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial assumptions (Continued)

For TRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's and CERS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	TRS Target Allocation	TRS Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	CERS Target Allocation	CERS Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US equity	40.0%	4.60%	18.8%	4.50%
International Equity	22.0%	5.60%	18.8%	5.25%
Core bonds			13.5%	-0.25%
Private equity	7.0%	7.70%	10.0%	6.65%
High yield			15.0%	3.90%
Fixed income	15.0%	0.00%		
Additional categories	7.0%	2.50%		
Real estate	7.0%	4.30%	5.0%	5.30%
Opportunistic			3.0%	2.25%
Real return			15.0%	3.95%
Cash	2.0%	-0.50%	1.0%	-0.75%
Total	100%		100%	

Discount rate

For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan employees and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.25%. The long-term investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

For TRS, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates, adjusted by 95%, for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 17 RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of CERS and TRS proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following table presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rates selected by each pension system, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease	Current	t Discount Rate	1%	Increase
CERS District's proportionate share of net		5.25%		6.25%		7.25%
pension liability	\$	8,140,989	\$	6,601,421	\$	5,326,601
TRS District's proportionate share of net		6.50%		7.50%		8.50%
pension liability		-		-		-

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial reports of both CERS and TRS.

NOTE 18 OPEB PLANS

General information about the Teachers' Retirement System OPEB Plan

Plan description

Teaching-certified employees of the Walton-Verona Independent School District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provided retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statues and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans.

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description

In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 18 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

Benefits provided

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions

In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three and three quarters percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

General information about the County Employee Retirement System Non-Hazardous OPEB Plan

Plan description

Employees whose positions do not require a degree beyond a high school diploma are covered by the CERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System, an agency of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute ("KRS") Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The Kentucky Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CERS.

Benefits provided

CERS provides health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service. For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers, based on hire date. See Note 17 for classifications.

Contributions

Required contributions by the employee are based on the tier disclosed in Note 17.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 18 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2021, the Walton-Verona Independent School District reported a liability of \$5,535,701 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.14 percent for TRS, which is an increase of 0.01 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020, and 0.09 percent for CERS, which is an increase from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the CERS net OPEB liability	\$ 2,077,701
District's proportionate share of the TRS net OPEB liability	3,458,000
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	2,770,000
	\$ 8,305,701

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$297,538 and revenue of \$193,860 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual performance	\$ 347,140	\$ 1,821,411
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	224,453	42,396
Change of Assumptions	571,397	2,198
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	350,454	144,982
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	346,952	
Total	\$ 1,840,396	\$ 2,010,987

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 18 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$346,952 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:					
2022	\$	(90,329)			
2023		(60,892)			
2024		(102,045)			
2025		(73,542)			
2026		(149,735)			
Thereafter		(41,000)			

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	TRS	CERS
Investment rate of return	8.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.	6.25%
Projected salary increases	3.50 - 7.20%, including inflation	3.30% to 11.55%, varies by service
Inflation rate	3.00%	2.30%
Real Wage Growth	0.50%	
Wage Inflation	3.50%	
Healthcare cost trend rates		
Under 65	7.25% for FY 2020 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY 2029	Initial trend starting at 7.00% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 12 years
Ages 65 and Older	5.25% for FY 2020 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY 2022	Initial trend starting at 5.00% and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 10 years
Medicare Part B Premiums	6.49% for FY 2020 with an ultimate	
	rate of 5.00% by 2031	
Municipal Bond Index Rate	2.19%	2.45%
Discount Rate	8.00%	5.34%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	8.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation	

For TRS, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

For CERS, mortality rates were based on RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2013 with projection scale BB and set back one year for females.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 18 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2015 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.0%	5.4%
Fixed Income	9.0%	0.0%
Real Estate	6.5%	4.3%
Private Equity	8.5%	7.7%
Other Additional Categories	17.0%	2.5%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.0%	-0.5%
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate

For TRS, the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

For CERS, the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.34%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 18 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease Current Discount (7.00%) Rate (8.00%)		1% Increase (9.00%)			
TRS Districts' net OPEB liability	\$	4,180,000	\$	3,458,000	\$	2,856,000
	1% Decrease (4.34%)		Current Discount Rate (5.34%)		1% Increase (6.34%)	
CERS Districts' net OPEB liability	\$	2,669,236	\$	2,077,701	\$	1,591,854

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	19	6 Decrease	Current Trend Rate		1% Increase		
TRS Districts' net OPEB liability	\$	2,741,000	\$	3,458,000	\$	4,342,000	
	19	1% Decrease		Current Trend Rate		1% Increase	
CERS Districts' net OPEB liability	\$	1,608,660	\$	2,077,701	\$	2,646,893	

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

Life Insurance Plan

Plan description

TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 18 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

Benefits provided

TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions

In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2021, the Walton-Verona Independent School District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	
associated with the District	 84,000
	\$ 84,000

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$-0- and revenue of \$4,033 for support provided by the State.

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.
Projected salary increases	3.50 - 7.20%, including inflation
Inflation rate	3.00%
Real Wage Growth	0.50%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.89%
Discount Rate	7.50%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including
	inflation

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 18 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2015 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class*	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.0%	4.6%
International Equity	23.0%	5.6%
Fixed Income	18.0%	0.0%
Real Estate	6.0%	4.3%
Private Equity	5.0%	7.7%
Other Additional Categories	6.0%	2.5%
Cash (LIBOR)	2.0%	-0.5%
Total	100.0%	

^{*} As the LIF investment policy is to change, the above reflects the pension allocation and returns that achieve the target 7.5% long-term rate of return

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

NOTE 18 OPEB PLANS (CONTINUED)

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(6.50%)	Rate (7.50%)	(8.50%)
Districts' net OPEB liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

NOTE 19 CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

Effective July 1, 2020, the District elected to adopt Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities", as it relates to accounting and financial reporting for fiduciary funds. As a result of this statement, school activity funds are considered governmental special revenue funds and not fiduciary funds.

GASB 84 required retrospective application. Since the District only presents one year of financial information, the beginning net position balance was adjusted to reflect the retrospective application. The adjustment resulted in a \$249,697 addition in the beginning net position on the Statement of Activities.

NOTE 20 COVID-19 PANDEMIC

The COVID-19 outbreak in the United States has caused disruption through limited district activities. While the disruption is currently expected to be temporary, there is considerable uncertainty around the duration of the disruption. At this time, the District is uncertain on the disruption's impact on its operating results.

NOTE 21 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were considered through November 10, 2021, which represents the release date of our report.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2021

	Capital Fu	-	Student Activity Fund	uilding Fund	Go	Total on-major vernment Funds
Assets						
Current:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	<u>-</u>	 313,941	\$ 96,749	\$	410,690
Total current	\$		\$ 313,941	\$ 96,749	\$	410,690
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$		\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	
Total current			 	 		
Fund Balances:						
Restricted:						
Capital projects		-	-	96,749		96,749
Other			 313,941	 		313,941
Total fund balances			 313,941	 96,749		410,690
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 313,941	\$ 96,749	\$	410,690

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Capital Outlay Fund	Student Activity Fund	Building Fund	Total Non-major Government Funds
Revenues	Φ.	Φ.	¢ 4404.007	f 4404 007
Taxes State sources	\$ - 160,627	\$ -	\$ 1,131,327 806,765	\$ 1,131,327 967,392
Other sources	-	394,450		394,450
Total revenues	160,627	394,450	1,938,092	2,493,169
Expenditures				
Instructional	-	330,206	-	330,206
Debt service: Other			12,470	12,470
Other			12,470	12,470
Total expenditures		330,206	12,470	342,676
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	160,627	64,244	1,925,622	2,150,493
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfers out	(160,627)		(1,874,509)	(2,035,136)
Total other financing sources(uses)	(160,627)		(1,874,509)	(2,035,136)
Total other illiancing sources(uses)	(100,021)		(1,074,309)	(2,033,130)
Net change in fund balance	-	64,244	51,113	115,357
Fund balance, July 1, 2020			45,636	45,636
Net position adjustment (Note 19)		249,697		249,697
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$ -	\$ 313,941	\$ 96,749	\$ 410,690

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual – General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 6,045,000	\$ 6,045,000	\$ 7,918,369	\$ 1,873,369
Earnings on investments	15,000	15,000	18,950	3,950
State sources	5,907,500	5,907,500	10,441,361	4,533,861
Federal sources	-	-	3,221	3,221
Other revenues	232,014	232,014	569,075	337,061
Total revenues	12,199,514	12,199,514	18,950,976	6,751,462
Expenditures				
Instruction	7,996,062	8,001,130	10,763,623	2,762,493
Student support services	625,779	625,779	598,974	(26,805)
Instruction staff support services	771,115	766,047	995,489	229,442
District administration	1,560,831	1,560,831	935,802	(625,029)
School administration	679,550	679,550	1,034,115	354,565
Business	244,648	244,648	402,864	158,216
Plant operation and maintenance	1,898,206	1,898,206	1,706,808	(191,398)
Student transportation	1,040,615	1,040,615	1,003,383	(37,232)
Community services	23,000	23,000	2,458	(20,542)
Debt service	109,708	109,708	144,629	34,921
Total expenditures	14,949,514	14,949,514	17,588,145	2,638,631
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(2,750,000)	(2,750,000)	1,362,831	4,112,831
Other financing sources (uses)				
Operating transfers in	-	-	59,400	59,400
Operating transfers out	(50,000)	(50,000)	(177,805)	(127,805)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(50,000)	(50,000)	172,503	222,503
Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and				
other financing uses	(2,800,000)	(2,800,000)	1,535,334	4,335,334
Fund balance, July 1, 2020	2,800,000	2,800,000	5,232,778	2,432,778
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,768,112	\$ 6,768,112

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual – Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final		Favorable
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues				
State sources	\$ 545,426	\$ 1,076,749	\$ 1,045,431	\$ (31,318)
Federal sources	664,512	2,741,097	1,482,527	(1,258,570)
Total revenues	1,209,938	3,817,846	2,527,958	(1,289,888)
Expenditures				
Instruction	1,066,969	3,538,324	2,235,897	(1,302,427)
Student support services	-	43,095	43,095	
Plant operation and maintenance	-	78,758	77,691	(1,067)
Student transportation	30,263	44,963	30,486	(14,477)
Community services	112,706	112,706	115,121	2,415
Total expenditures	1,209,938	3,817,846	2,502,290	(1,315,556)
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures		 _	25,668	25,668
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfers in			33,732_	33,732
Operating transfers out			(59,400)	(59,400)
Total other financing sources (uses)			(25,668)	(25,668)
Excess (deficit) of revenues and other				
financing sources over expenditures and				
other financing uses	-	-	-	-
Fund balance, July 1, 2020				
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual – Construction Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

		ginal dget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues Taxes Other revenues	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ -
Total revenues					
Expenditures Facilities acquisition and construction			370,310	310,250	(60,060)
Total expenditures			370,310	310,250	(60,060)
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures			(370,310)	(310,250)	60,060
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Operating transfers in			370,310	415,483	45,173
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		370,310	415,483	45,173
Excess (deficit) of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses		-	-	105,233	105,233
Fund balance, July 1, 2020				272,893	272,893
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$		\$ -	\$ 378,126	\$ 378,126

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual – Debt Service Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
State sources	\$ 250,012	\$ 250,012	\$ 250,009	\$ (3)
Total revenues	250,012	250,012	250,009	(3)
Expenditures				
Debt service	2,013,965	2,013,965	2,013,735	(230)
Total expenditures	2,013,965	2,013,965	2,013,735	(230)
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(1,763,953)	(1,763,953)	(1,763,726)	227
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from sale of bonds and capital leases	-	-	985,000	985,000
Refinanced bonds	-	-	(970,000)	(970,000)
Bond issue cost	-	-	(15,000)	
Operating transfers in	1,763,953	1,763,953	1,763,726	(227)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,763,953	1,763,953	1,763,726	14,773
Excess (deficit) of revenues and other				
financing sources over expenditures and				
other financing uses	-	-	-	15,000
Fund balance, July 1, 2020		<u> </u>		
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Fund Balance Bond and Interest Redemption Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Issue of 2010R	Issue of 2011	Issue of 2012R	Issue of 2014	Issue of 2015	Issue of 2016
Cash at July 1, 2020	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Receipts: Transfers and miscellaneous deposits	116,975	110,456	103,358	137,310	771,588	123,202
Disburse ments: Bonds paid Interest coupons Transfers and miscellaneous Call fee	110,000 6,975 - -	70,000 40,456 -	95,000 8,358 - 	70,000 67,310 -	655,000 116,588 - _	30,000 93,202 - -
Total disbursements	116,975	110,456	103,358	137,310	771,588	123,202
Excess of disbursements over receipts	<u>-</u>					
Cash at June 30, 2021						
Fund balance at June 30, 2021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	Issue of 2016R	Issue of 2018	Issue of 2019	Issue of 2019R	Issue of 2020	Total
Cash at July 1, 2020						Total
Cash at July 1, 2020 Receipts: Transfers and miscellaneous deposits	2016R	2018	2019	2019R	2020	
Receipts:	2016R \$ -	\$ -	2019 \$ -	2019R \$ -	2020 \$ -	\$ -
Receipts: Transfers and miscellaneous deposits Disbursements: Bonds paid Interest coupons Transfers and miscellaneous	2016R \$ - 156,275 135,000	\$ - 191,051	\$ - 112,125	2019R \$ - 188,550 160,000	2020	\$ - 2,013,735 1,375,000
Receipts: Transfers and miscellaneous deposits Disbursements: Bonds paid Interest coupons Transfers and miscellaneous Call fee	2016R \$ - 156,275 135,000 21,275 -	\$ - 191,051 35,000 156,051 -	\$ - 112,125 15,000 97,125	\$ - 188,550 160,000 28,550 -	2020 \$ - 2,845 - 2,845 -	\$ - 2,013,735 1,375,000 638,735 -
Receipts: Transfers and miscellaneous deposits Disbursements: Bonds paid Interest coupons Transfers and miscellaneous Call fee Total disbursements	2016R \$ - 156,275 135,000 21,275 -	\$ - 191,051 35,000 156,051 -	\$ - 112,125 15,000 97,125	\$ - 188,550 160,000 28,550 -	2020 \$ - 2,845 - 2,845 -	\$ - 2,013,735 1,375,000 638,735 -

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Fund Balances Walton-Verona High School Activity Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Fund Balance June 30, 2020		R	eceipts	Disb	ursements	Fund Balance June 30, 2021		
2020-2021 HS fees	\$	1,503	\$	30,009	\$	30,410	\$	1,102	
Advisory Board		6		-		-		6	
Agriculture		-		2,245		1,003		1,242	
AP classes		133		1,425		1,290		268	
Art Club		132		-		-		132	
Art fund		817		3,821		3,757		881	
Athletic assistance		775		-		-		775	
Athletic boosters		4,313		5,076		4,302		5,087	
Athletics		11,815		139,844		128,661		22,998	
Band		2,403		6,138		2,723		5,818	
Band trip		2		1,454		-		1,456	
Baseball		825		3,970		3,953		842	
Basketball		3,100		22,843		16,706		9,237	
Bass Fishing		352		105		-		457	
Beta club		8,542		865		4,990		4,417	
Bowling club		1		-		-		1	
Boys golf		-		820		816		4	
Boys soccer		390		603		982		11	
Bridge		19		-		_		19	
Business fund		964		698		262		1,400	
Cappie Stephenson		200		-		_		200	
Cashbox		-		3,200		3,200		-	
Choral music		-		3,959		3,782		177	
Club scholarship		65		-		-		65	
Colonel Hudson scholarship - CD		-		1,000		1,000		-	
Concession fund		148		170		200		118	
Cross country		1,354		1,550		1,769		1,135	
Delinquent fees		-		138		-		138	
Drama .		2,606		4,399		860		6,145	
Emergency assistance		718		-		_		718	
English		465		2,384		330		2,519	
Evan Ryan memorial fund		2,500		-		1,500		1,000	
Evan Ryan scholarship - CD		35,300		-		3,641		31,659	
Exercise equipment		649		-		- -		649	
Family & con science		1,202		3,894		3,129		1,967	
FBLA		641		150		560		231	
FCCLA		-		1,972		1,639		333	
FFA		7,150		8,519		15,490		179	
Football		1,883		11,060		11,525		1,418	
G.L.O.W.		75		· <u>-</u>		-		75	
General fund		4,786		2,799		1,648		5,937	

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Fund Balances Walton-Verona High School Activity Fund (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Fund Balance June 30, 2020	Receipts	Disbursements	Fund Balance June 30, 2021
Girls basketball	\$ -	\$ 5,825	\$ 4,517	\$ 1,308
Girls golf	86	1,020	602	504
Girls soccer	7,933	11,598	12,195	7,336
Guidance fund	1,141	252	581	812
Health	7	-	-	7
HS student council	, 74	_	_	, 74
Hunter Donovan Me	85	500	500	85
Intramural Basketball	499	300	300	499
Intramural Volleyball	2,237	315	2,000	552
Junior class	2,461	5,310	3,096	4,675
Kendal Smith scholarship	1,827	580	1,000	1,407
Kendall Smith scholarship - CD		441	1,000	
	10,851	441	-	11,292
KY State College	-	1,500	1,500	-
Les Stephens scholarship	- 251	1,500	1,500	- 251
Library fines		2 106	1 560	4,110
Math	2,482	3,196	1,568	4,110
Max Gjerde Memorial	3	500	500	-
Media		-	-	3
N.K.O.A.	39	500	4 000	539
Parking permit	1,675	750	1,086	1,339
Pending Donation	-	49,169	-	49,169
Physical education	62	1,491	544	1,009
Project prom	2,229	2,850	1,835	3,244
Quest program	-	3,000	3,000	-
Reading	6,023	671	-	6,694
Robotics/Lego Club	744	-	-	744
School Climate fund	2,854	1,228	1,200	2,882
Science fund	4,181	2,055	1,527	4,709
Senior class 2017/2018	1,172	5,730	6,329	573
Social studies	5	155	-	160
Softball	981	2,000	280	2,701
Spanish	3,487	829	1,942	2,374
Spanish club	77	-	-	77
Special education	1	-	-	1
Technology	-	2,741	2,154	587
Tennis	2,077	600	655	2,022
Theatre	966	-	-	966
Tournament account	38	-	-	38
Track	-	7,340	2,693	4,647
Varsity cheer	1,301	7,372	5,789	2,884
Volleyball	1,257	8,975	4,689	5,543
Wake up Walton	2,499	3,850	3,324	3,025
Wellness center	484	-	-	484
Workbooks	87	3,500	432	3,155
Wrestling	232	1,070	1,298	4
Y club	747	2,484	1,513	1,718
Yearbook	13,216	2,542	8,485	7,273
	\$ 172,205	\$ 407,049	\$ 326,962	\$ 252,292

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Fund Balances School Activity Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Walton- Verona Middle School	Walton- Verona Elementary School	Total
Fund balance at July 1, 2020	\$ 49,060	\$ 28,432	\$ 77,492
Add: receipts	47,279	12,077	59,356
Less: disbursements	(63,553)	(11,646)	(75,199)
Fund balance at July 1, 2021	\$ 32,786	\$ 28,863	\$ 61,649

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - TRS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	*	*	*
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	36,383,433	33,745,596	32,267,909	67,912,869	72,445,775	55,139,445	45,246,643	*	*	*
Total	\$ 36,383,433	\$ 33,745,596	\$ 32,267,909	\$ 67,912,869	\$ 72,445,775	\$ 55,139,445	\$ 45,246,643	*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,289,427	\$ 7,806,779	\$ 7,752,761	\$ 7,678,128	\$ 7,318,884	\$ 6,937,804	\$ 6,892,833	\$ 6,621,340	\$ 6,334,890	*
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	*	*	*
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	58.27%	58.76%	59.27%	39.83%	35.22%	42.49%	45.59%	*	*	*

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Changes of benefit terms: None

Changes of assumption: In the 2011 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Table rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2011. In the 2011 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2011 valuation, the Board adopted an interest smoothing methodology to calculate liabilities for purposes of determining the actuarially determined contributions.

Changes of assumption: In 2014, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.16% to 5.23%.

Changes of assumption: In 2015, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.23% to 4.88%.

Changes of assumption: In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation, the Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were adjusted to reflect a decrease. In addition, the calculation for the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.88% to 4.20%.

Changes of assumption: In 2017, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%.

Changes of assumption: In 2018, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.49% to 7.50%.

Schedule of District Contributions - TRS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually required contribution	\$ 273,426	\$ 277,834	\$ 261,070	\$ 263,854	\$ 245,799	\$ 224,296	\$ 161,896	\$ 109,295	\$ 72,600	\$ 38,260
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(273,426)	(277,834)	(261,070)	(263,854)	(245,799)	(224,296)	(161,896)	(109,295)	(72,600)	(38,260)
Contribution deficiency	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,326,411	\$ 8,289,427	\$ 7,806,779	\$ 7,752,761	\$ 7,678,128	\$ 7,318,884	\$ 6,937,804	\$ 6,892,833	\$ 6,621,340	\$ 6,334,890
Contributions as a percentage of of covered-employee payroll	3.28%	3.35%	3.34%	3.40%	3.20%	3.06%	2.33%	1.59%	1.10%	0.60%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	2013	2012	2011
District's proportion of net pension liability		0.086069%		0.081853%		0.082456%		0.084560%		0.087272%		0.084117%		0.083182%	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	6,601,421	\$	5,756,758	\$	5,021,822	\$	4,949,557	\$	4,296,938	\$	3,616,625	\$	2,699,000	*	*	*
Total net pension liability	\$7,	669,917,211	\$7,	033,044,552	\$ 6,	090,304,793	\$ 5,	853,307,482	\$ 4,	923,618,237	\$ 4	,299,525,565	\$ 3,	244,377,000	*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,325,754	\$	2,123,467	\$	2,073,945	\$	2,086,221	\$	2,087,822	\$	1,959,068	\$	1,908,316	\$ 1,885,004	\$ 1,870,439	*
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		283.8%		271.1%		242.1%		237.2%		205.8%		184.6%		141.4%	*	*	*
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		47.81%		50.45%		53.54%		53.30%		55.50%		59.97%		66.80%	*	*	*

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Changes of benefit terms: The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

2009: A new benefit tire for members who first participate on or after September 1, 2008 was introduced which included the following changes:

- 1. Tired structure for benefit accrual rates
- 2. New retirement eligibility requirements
- 3. Different rules for the computation of final average compensation

2014: As cash balance plan was introduced for member whose participation date is on or after January 1, 2014.

Changes of assumption: The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

- 2015: The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- 2015: The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- 2015: The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%.
- 2015: Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%.
- 2015: The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).

2015: For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted.

- 2015: The assumed rates of Retirement, Withdrawal and Disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.
- 2017: The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.50% to 6.25%.
- 2017: The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 2.30%.
- 2017: The assumed rate of salary growth was reduced from 4.00% to 3.05%.

Schedule of District Contributions – CERS

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually required contribution	\$ 581,002	\$ 559,068	\$ 456,122	\$ 397,774	\$ 389,706	\$ 356,183	\$ 346,167	\$ 360,481	\$ 368,519	\$ 354,669
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(581,002)	(559,068)	(456,122)	(397,774)	(389,706)	(356,183)	(346,167)	(360,481)	(368,519)	(354,669)
Contribution deficiency	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,414,803	\$ 2,325,754	\$ 2,123,467	\$ 2,073,945	\$ 2,086,221	\$ 2,087,822	\$ 1,959,068	\$ 1,908,316	\$ 1,885,004	\$ 1,870,439
Contributions as a percentage of of covered-employee payroll	24.06%	24.04%	21.48%	19.18%	18.68%	17.06%	17.67%	18.89%	19.55%	18.96%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - LIF

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	20	020		2019	 2018		2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
District's proportion of the collective trust OPEB liability		0%		0%	0%		0%	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	*	*	*	*	*	*
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District		84,000		72,000	65,000		52,000	*	*	*	*	*	*
Total net OPEB liability	\$	84,000	\$	72,000	\$ 65,000	\$	52,000	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,2	289,427	\$ 7	7,806,779	\$ 7,752,761	\$ 7	7,678,128	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collection net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	ve	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	*	*	*	*	*	*
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		71.57%		73.40%	74.97%		79.99%	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Changes of benefit terms - None.

Methods and assumptions used in the actuarially determined contributions - The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as the of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2020:

Valuation date June 30, 2017 Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Amortization method Level Percent of Payroll Amortization period 27 years, Closed Asset valuation method Five-year smoothed value 3.00% Inflation Real wage growth 0.50% Wage inflation Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.50% - 7.20% Discount rate 7.50%

Schedule of District Contributions - LIF

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	*	*	*	*	*	*
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution					*	*	*	*	*	*
Contribution deficiency					*	*	*	*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,326,411	\$ 8,289,427	\$ 7,806,779	\$ 7,752,761	*	*	*	*	*	*
Contributions as a percentage of of covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. No changes were made to the assumptions or benefit terms.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - MIF

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
District's proportion of the collective trust OPEB liability	0.137034%	0.131005%	0.126550%	0.343819%	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 3,458,000	\$ 3,834,000	\$ 4,391,000	\$ 4,717,000	*	*	*	*	*	*
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with										
the District	\$ 2,770,000	\$ 3,096,000	\$ 3,784,000	\$ 3,853,000	*	*	*	*	*	*
Total net OPEB liability	\$ 6,228,000	\$ 6,930,000	\$ 8,175,000	\$ 8,570,000	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,289,427	\$ 7,806,779	\$ 7,752,761	\$ 7,678,128	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collectiv net OPEB liability as a percentage	е									
of its covered-employee payroll	41.7%	49.1%	56.6%	61.4%	*	*	*	*	*	*
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	39.05%	32.58%	25.54%	21.18%	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Changes of benefit terms - None

Methods and assumptions used in the actuarially determined contributions - The actuarially determined contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as the of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2020:

Valuation date June 30, 2019 Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Amortization method Level Percent of Payroll Amortization period 21 years, Closed Asset valuation method Five-year smoothed value Inflation 3.00% Real wage growth 0.50% Wage inflation 3.50% Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.50% - 7.20% 8.00% Health care cost trends Under 65 7.25% for FY 2020 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY 2029 Ages 65 and older 5.25% for FY 2020 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY 2022 Medicare Part B premiums 6.49% for FY 2020 with an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2032 The current premium charged by KEHP is used as the base cost and is Under age 65 claims projected forward using only the health care trend assumption (no implicit rate subsidy is recognized).

Schedule of District Contributions - MIF

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually required contribution	\$ 242,011	\$ 228,115	\$ 225,425	\$ 324,039	*	*	*	*	*	*
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(242,011)	(228,115)	(225,425)	(324,039)	*	*	*	*	*	*
Contribution deficiency					*	*	*	*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,326,411	\$ 8,289,427	\$ 7,806,779	\$ 7,752,761	*	*	*	*	*	*
Contributions as a percentage of of covered-employee payroll	2.91%	2.75%	2.89%	4.18%	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Changes of benefit terms - None

Methods and assumptions used in the actuarially determined contributions - The actuarially determined contributions rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as the of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2020:

Valuation date June 30, 2019 Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Amortization method Level Percent of Payroll Amortization period 21 years, Closed Asset valuation method Five-year smoothed value 3.00% Inflation Real wage growth 0.50% Wage inflation 3.50% Salary increases, including wage inflation 3.50% - 7.20%

Health care cost trends

Discount rate

Under 65 7.25% for FY 2020 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY 2029

Ages 65 and older 5.25% for FY 2020 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY 2022

Medicare Part B premiums 6.49% for FY 2020 with an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2032

8.00%

Under age 65 claims

The current premium charged by KEHP is used as the base cost and is projected forward using only the health care trend assumption (no

implicit rate subsidy is recognized).

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – MIF (CERS)

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
District's proportion of the collective trust OPEB liability	0.086044%	0.081831%	0.082453%	0.084560%	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$2,077,701	\$1,376,361	\$1,463,937	\$1,699,945	*	*	*	*	*	*
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	*	*	*	*	*	*
Total net OPEB liability	\$2,077,701	\$1,376,361	\$1,463,937	\$1,699,945	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,325,754	\$ 2,123,467	\$ 2,073,945	\$ 2,086,221	*	*	*	*	*	*
District's proportionate share of the collecti net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	ve 89.3%	64.8%	70.6%	81.5%	*	*	*	*	*	*
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	51.67%	60.44%	57.62%	52.40%	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Changes in assumptions: None

2018: Updated healthcare trend rates were implemented.

Schedule of District Contributions - MIF (CERS)

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually required contribution	\$ 104,941	\$ 108,602	\$ 96,052	\$ 97,382	*	*	*	*	*	*
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(104,941)	(108,602)	(96,052)	(97,382)	*	*	*	*	*	*
Contribution deficiency			_		*	*	*	*	*	*
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,414,803	\$ 2,325,754	\$ 2,123,467	\$ 2,073,945	*	*	*	*	*	*
Contributions as a percentage of of covered-employee payroll	4.35%	4.67%	4.52%	4.70%	*	*	*	*	*	*

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. No changes were made to the assumptions or benefit terms.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Federal		Federal Expenditures
	CFDA		for FYE
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Number	Agreement Number	6/30/2021
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed through Kentucky Department of Education			
Special Education Cluster			
Special Education_Grants to States	84.027	3810002 19	\$ 8,569
Special Education_Grants to States	84.027	3810002 20	371,090
Special Education_Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002 20	25,138
Total Special Education Cluster			404,797
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002 20	166,582
Career and technical Education -Basic Grants to States	84.048	3710002 20	58,589
Title II Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	3230002 20	34,471
Title IV-Part A Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grant	84.424	3420002 20	13,045
Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019		357,749
ESSER I (CARES)	84.425	4000002-20	138,678
GEER (CARES)	84.425	CARE-20	23,789
ESSER II State Set Aside	84.425		120,470
ESSER II	84.425	4200002-21	447,543
ESSER III (ARP)	84.425	4300002-21	72,378
Digital Learning Coaches	84.425	4000003-20	2,185
Total CFDA #84.425			805,043
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,840,276
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Passed through Kentucky Department of Education			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002 20	13,675
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005 20	8,590
Summer Feeding Program	10.559	7740023 20	22,860
Summer Feeding Program	10.559	7690024 20	479,480
Summer Feeding Program	10.559	7690024 20	2,358
Summer Feeding Program	10.559	7690024 21	48,543
Passed through Kentucky Department of Agriculture			
National School Lunch Program - Food Donation	10.555	059-0203	34,084
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			609,590
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			609,590
			\$ 2,449,866

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2021

NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the Walton Verona Independent School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021, and is reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Walton Verona Independent School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3 FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities disbursed. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District reported food commodities expended in the amount of \$34,084.

NOTE 4 INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 5 SUBRECIPIENTS

The District did not have any subrecipients during the year ended June 30, 2021.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of the Board of Education Walton-Verona Independent School District Walton, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Walton Verona Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Walton Verona Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 10, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Walton Verona Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Walton Verona Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Walton Verona Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Walton Verona Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted other matters that we reported to management of the District in pages 75-76.

BARNES DENNIG

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (Continued)

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crestview Hills, Kentucky November 10, 2021

Bune, Dunig & Co., Std.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board of Education Walton-Verona Independent School District Walton, Kentucky

We have audited Walton Verona Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Walton Verona Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Walton Verona Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Walton Verona Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Walton Verona Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Walton Verona Independent School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Walton Verona Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

BARNES DENNIG

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

(Continued)

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Walton Verona Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Walton Verona Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Walton Verona Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crestview Hills, Kentucky November 10, 2021

Burner, Dunig & Co., Std.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

SECTION I -SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Yes Х • Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Χ None noted Yes Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes Χ No Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: • Material weakness(es) identified? Yes • Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Yes Χ None noted Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)? Yes Χ Identification of major programs CFDA No. Name of Federal Program or Cluster 84.425 Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, And Economic Security Act Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes No

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters are reportable

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST

No matters are reportable

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2021

SECTION I -SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDITOR'S RESULTS

No matters are reportable

SECTION II – PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters are reportable

SECTION III - PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST

No matters are reportable

Management Letter Comments For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Walton-Verona Independent School District for the year ended June 30, 2021, we considered the District's internal control structure to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

This letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. A separate report dated November 10, 2021 contains our report on significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the District's internal control structure. This letter does not affect our report dated November 10, 2021, on the financial statements of the Walton-Verona Independent School District.

CURRENT YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS

CENTRAL OFFICE

No matters are reportable

ACTIVITY FUNDS

Walton-Verona High School

No matters are reportable

Walton-Verona Middle School

No matters are reportable

Walton-Verona Elementary School

Statement of deficiency: It was noted that gift cards were purchased using the activity funds.

Management Response: Annually our district is provided with hams by a donor to give out to families in need at Christmas. In order to provide families with the means to purchase side items for dinner, donated funds were used to provide grocery store gift cards through the school that manages the program. Although procedures and sign-out logs were put in place to ensure the proper use of the gift cards the district acknowledges that this is prohibited by Redbook. Moving forward this practice will be discontinued and families will be provided with alternative access to groceries or donors will be given the option to donate gift cards to the program instead of cash.

Management Letter Comments (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2021

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS

CENTRAL OFFICE

No matters are reportable

ACTIVITY FUNDS

Walton-Verona High School

Statement of prior year deficiency: It was noted that the incorrect payee was entered into the EPES software and the incorrect payee on the check for one disbursement.

Current year follow up: No such instances noted.

Walton-Verona Middle School

No matters are reportable

Walton-Verona Elementary School

No matters are reportable